

Kesar (crocus) - Plant



Crocuses are also one of the easiest cold-hardy bulbs to force for indoor bloom.

Rating: Not Rated Yet

Price

1184567

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Description

Description for Kesar (crocus)

The domesticated saffron crocus, *Crocus sativus*, is an autumn-flowering perennial plant unknown in the wild. It probably descends from the eastern Mediterranean autumn-flowering *Crocus cartwrightianus*, which is also known as "wild saffron".

Common name	Flower colours	Bloom time	Height	Difficulty
saffron crocus	purple	March	0.25 to 0.50 feet	easy to grow

Planting and care

Loosen the soil to a depth of 12 to 15 inches.

The deep planting encourages the developing stem to send out roots to help stabilize the plant and perhaps eliminate the need for staking. Also, deep planting keeps lily bulbs cool when temperatures soar.

Sunlight
Full sun to part shade

Soil
well-drained soil

Water
Medium

Temperature
27 Å°C

Fertilizer
Apply any organic fertilizer

Caring for Kesar

- Keep lilies mulched so that their roots are cool. The mulch should feel moist but not wet.
- Apply a high-potassium liquid fertilizer every 2 weeks from early spring until 6 weeks after flowering.

Typical uses of Kesar

Special features: The bulbs multiply amazingly well, naturalize beautifully in lawns, and provide a splash of early color.

Culinary use: Saffron also contributes a luminous yellow-orange colouring to foods.

Ornamental use: The plant is used for ornamental purpose. Its generally kept indoor in living room and in terrac area.

References

- https://www.whiteflowerfarm.com/crocus?source=6SG02&gclid=CjsKDwjwuvjNBRDPhu6d55nyTxIkAKWKtM7u1fSQ5BPZ6WbZmRdNxXhmnVBvOUVKhpR2EMzVy9HwGgL6qvD_BwE