

## Dodonaea Viscosa, Hopbush - 0.5 Kg Seeds



sapindaceae, Virali, Krali, Unnatharuvi, Bandare, Virali

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### Price

Sales price R 872

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Description

### Description for Dodonaea Viscosa, Hopbush

Sapindaceae, also known as the soapberry family, is a family of flowering plants in the order Sapindales. There are about 140–150 genera with 1400–2000 species, including maple, ackee, horse chestnut, and lychee.

Common name	Flower colours	Bloom time	Height	Difficulty
Sapindaceae	Yellow	July to August	6-10 m	Easy to grow

### Planting and care

The Sapindaceae are mostly trees and shrubs, and tendril-bearing vines comprising about 140 genera and 1,500 species. The leaves are alternate, simple, or more commonly pinnately compound; stipules are absent except in the climbing forms. The flowers are small, actinomorphic or zygomorphic, and commonly functionally unisexual, although a given individual may bear seemingly bisexual flowers together with either male or female flowers. The perianth typically is biseriate, consisting of calyx and corolla

Sunlight	Soil	Water	Temperature	Fertilizer
Full Sun to Partial Shade	well-drained soil	Medium	20 to 40 degrees C	Apply any organic fertilizer

### Caring for Dodonaea Viscosa

Notched Leaf Soapnut is a medium to large size deciduous tree growing up to 18 m tall, with a 1.5 m trunk girth. Bark is grey, shiny, covered with rough falling scales. Leaves are pinnate, 12-30 cm long. Leaflets are 2-3 pairs, lance-shaped, elliptic or oblong, long pointed or with a notched tip, dull above. Flowers are white, polygamous, male flowers

## Typical uses of Dodonaea Viscosa

**Special features:** a few bisexual, both found in the same rusty-velvety panicles. Bisexual flowers provide ample pollen and nectar to bees

**Culinary use:** na

**Medicinal use:** Fruits possess several medicinal properties and are widely used for example in the treatment of asthma, colic and dysentery, and during childbirth.

## References

<http://www.botany.hawaii.edu/faculty/carr/sapind.htm>

<http://www.flowersofindia.net/risearch/search.php?query=Sapindaceae&stpos=0&stype=AND>