

Hollyhock Mixed Color - Flower Seeds



1 packet contains Hollyhock - 50 Seeds

Rating: Not Rated Yet

Price

Variant price modifier:

Base price with tax

Price with discount ?145

Salesprice with discount

Sales price ?145

Sales price without tax ?145

Discount

Tax amount

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Description

Description for Hollyhock Mixed

Growing hollyhocks (*Alcea rosea*) in the garden is the goal of many gardeners who remember these impressive flowers from their youth. The flower stalks on hollyhocks can reach heights of 9 feet tall! They can tower above a garden, adding a lovely vertical element to your yard. Let's look at a few tips on hollyhocks to help you grow them in your yard.

Common name(s): hollyhocks

Flower colours: white, light-pink, magenta and burgundy

Bloom time: Summer. A few varieties will bloom well into fall.

Max reachable height: Some varieties grow 2 -3feet , while others grow as high as 6 feet.

Difficulty to grow:: Easy

Planting and care

- Planting hollyhock may be done in spring or fall. Select a sunny location sheltered from the wind.
- Try to have the soil worked up at least one week before planting time.
- Spring plantings will be safer in areas where winters are severe. Plant as soon as nursery stock is received. If plantings must be delayed, place the hollyhock in a cool, shaded area and keep the roots moist.
- Hollyhock seedlings are grown in a special planting mixture to promote fast growth. Do not pull this material away from the roots, but set the top of the planting material level with the soil line.
- Firm the soil around the plants and roots by pressing the soil with your hands.
- Water well to eliminate air pockets that may form around the roots.

Sunlight: Hollyhock like full sun.

Soil: Hollyhock likes rich, well drained soil.

Water: Water as needed to keep the soil moist at all times.

Temperature: -

Fertilizer: Adding a general purpose fertilizer once a month will result in bigger, fuller blooms.

Caring for Hollyhock Mixed

- After the growing season is over, Hollyhock should be cut back to ground level.
- To assure that the plant doesn't get killed out completely, cover the area with mulch, in case the winter is real harsh.
- Insect and Disease: Insects problems are not too common and can be treated with insecticides and insecticidal soaps.
- Rust disease is a common problem. We recommend you apply fungicides regularly.

Harvesting

August

Typical uses of Hollyhock Mixed

Special features: Hollyhocks grow heart-shaped leaves that clump up into a mound below the flower stalks.

Ornamental use:

- The showy blossoms on hollyhocks make great cut flowers for bouquets.
- They add a traditional look to cottage gardens. Use these flowers as border plants, mass plantings and showcase plants.
- Hollyhocks are visually appealing when placed along a fence or a wall.
- Hollyhocks are one of the few plants that can grow under black walnut trees.
- They tolerate the toxin emitted through the roots of the black walnut trees.

References

<http://www.planetnatural.com/growing-hollyhock/> <http://www.gardenersnet.com/flower/hollyhock.htm>

Reviews

Wednesday, 22 July 2020

Sangeeta Chaudhry

Tuesday, 21 July 2020

Rahul Gupta

Wednesday, 18 March 2020

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